	Student's Name _				
)	Teacher's #	Branch			
	Score:	(Check one): passed	needs more study		
	Total Perfect Score = 100 Passing Score = 70 (70%)				

Keyboard

Certificate of Merit



Musical Knowledge Examination

Keyboard: Level 4

2004 Edition

1. Name each Major key signature (6 points)

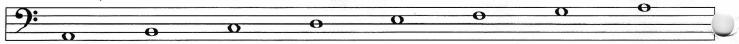


2. Name each minor key signature. (6 points)

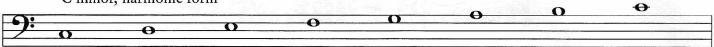


- 3. Fill in these answers. (2 points)
 - a. G Major is the Parallel Major key for _____ minor.
 - b. D Major is the Relative Major key for _____ minor.
- 4. Add the sharps (#) and flats (b) to form the following scales. (5 points)

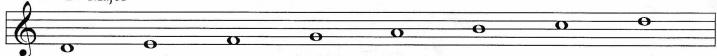
A Major



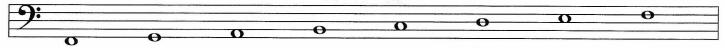
C minor, harmonic form



Db Major



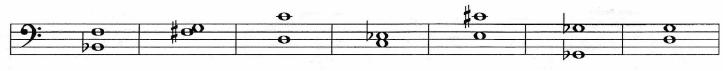
F# Major



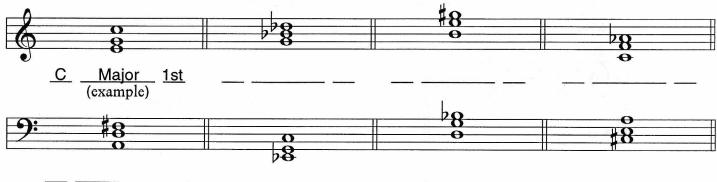
G minor, natural form



5. Name these intervals (for example: P4, M3, m6, etc). (7 points)



6. Name the root of each triad. Tell whether each is Major, minor, or diminished. Tell if it is in root position (R), 1st inversion (1st), or 2nd inversion (2nd). The first is done for you. (7 points)



7. Following the example, draw the Major, minor and diminished triads. (3 points)



8. Label these triads with Roman numerals. The first one is given. (4 points)



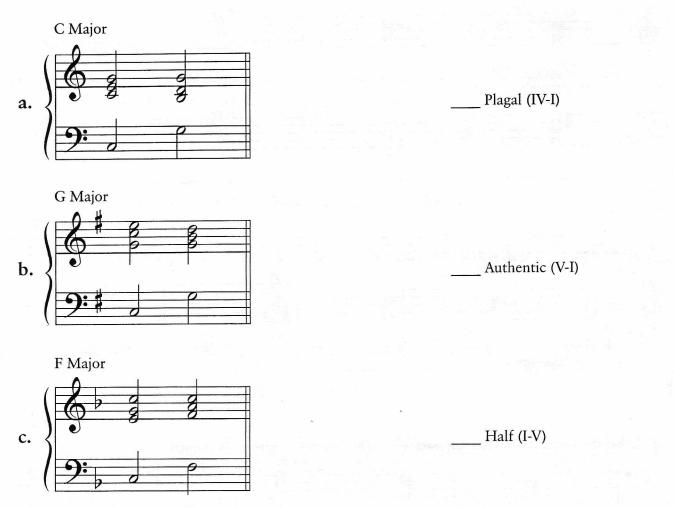
9. Write the Roman numerals for the following scale degrees in a Major scale. (I, iii, V, etc.) (5 points)

Tonic ____ Dominant ___ Submediant ___ Mediant ___ Subdominant ___

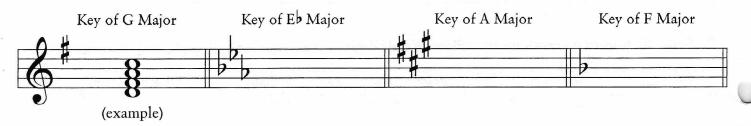
10. Write the Primary triads for the following keys. (6 points)



11. Match these cadences with their names. (3 points)



12. Write the dominant 7th chord (V7) for each key. The first one is done for you. (3 points)



13. Add four bar lines to this rhythm example. (4 points)



14. Write in the counts for this rhythm (1 2 3 4, or 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 +, etc). (3 points)



15. Match these terms with the meaning. (6 points)

a.	molto	legato

broken chord

b. subito piano

sweetly

c. una corda

___ in a singing style

d. cantabile

___ very connected, smooth

e. dolce

___ suddenly soft

f. arpeggio

___ apply the soft pedal

16. Define these terms. (2 points)

motif (motive)

17. Put these periods of music history into the correct order. (1 point)

Classical

Contemporary

Baroque

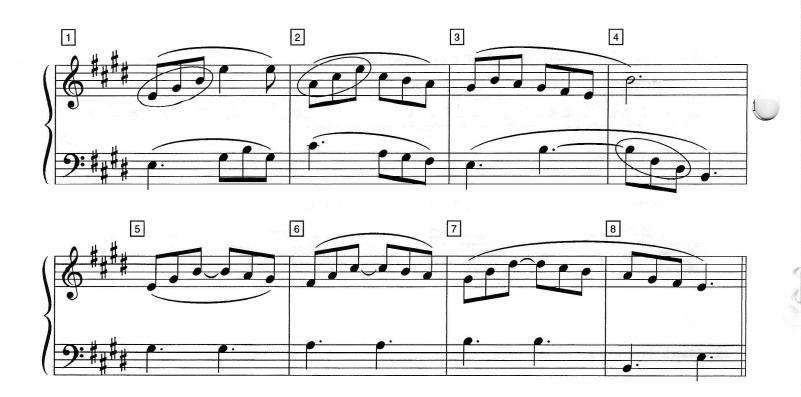
Romantic

1. _____

2. _____

3. ____

4



Answer these questions about the music above. (8 points)

- 18. In what Major key is this piece written?
- 19. No time signature is given. What should it be?
- 20. What term best describes the music in measures 5, 6, & 7?
- Check (✓) your answer.
- 21. How many ties are there in this music?
- 22. Name the three circled triads in the following measures. Tell if each is Major or minor. (example: C Major)
- meas. 1
- meas. 2

 $\frac{3}{4}$

repetition

sequence

cadence

- meas. 4
- 23. Are the three chords from question 22 primary triads?

- yes
- no



24. Identify the circled melodic intervals (P5, M2, m3, etc.) (4 points)

1.

b. ____

c. _____

d.

25. Study each pair of musical phrases below. Choose the description that best defines each pair. Write A, B, or C as your answer. (3 points)

Imitation - the second phrase imitates the first phrase an octave lower. Pair

Transposition - the second phrase has been transposed to a different key. Pair

Parallel Keys - the phrases are written in parallel Major and minor keys. Pair



EAR TRAINING EVALUATION

This is your Level 4 ear training evaluation. Listen to each question and its musical example. Mark (or circle) your answer. Each example will be played two times. (12 points)

1.	recognitie	il of iviajor of filliof if	r a rour-measure prirase	
	Ex. 1	Major	minor	
	Ex. 2	Major	minor	
2.	Recognition	on of tempo.		
	Presto		Andantino	
3.	Recognition of Major or minor triads.			
	Ex. 1	Major	minor	
	Ex. 2	Major	minor	
	Ex. 3	Major	minor	
4.	Recognition of Major and Perfect intervals.			
	Ex. 1	Perfect 5th	Major 6th	
	Ex. 2	Major 3rd	Major 2nd	
	Ex. 3	Perfect 4th	Major 7th	
5.	Recognition of meter in a four-measure phrase.			
	Ex. 1	2 time	3 time	
			3 time	
5.	Recognition of compositional techniques.			
		.ce	- Lander	